

PENIS

Hospital Name/Address

Patient Name/Information

Type of Specimen _____

Histopathologic Type _____

Tumor Size _____

DEFINITIONS

Clinical	Pathologic	Primary Tumor (T)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	TX	Primary tumor cannot be assessed
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	T0	No evidence of primary tumor
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Tis	Carcinoma <i>in situ</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ta	Non-invasive verrucous carcinoma
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	T1	Tumor invades subepithelial connective tissue
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	T2	Tumor invades corpus spongiosum or cavernosum
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	T3	Tumor invades urethra or prostate
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	T4	Tumor invades other adjacent structures

Clinical	Pathologic	Regional Lymph Nodes (N)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	NX	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	N0	No regional lymph node metastasis
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	N1	Metastasis in a single superficial inguinal lymph node
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	N2	Metastasis in multiple or bilateral superficial inguinal lymph nodes
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	N3	Metastasis in deep inguinal or pelvic lymph node(s), unilateral or bilateral

Clinical	Pathologic	Distant Metastasis (M)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	MX	Distant metastasis cannot be assessed
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	M0	No distant metastasis
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	M1	Distant metastasis

Biopsy of metastatic site performed Y N

Source of pathologic metastatic specimen _____

Clinical	Pathologic	Stage Grouping			
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	Tis	N0	M0
			Ta	N0	M0
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	I	T1	N0	M0
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	II	T1	N1	M0
			T2	N0	M0
			T2	N1	M0
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	III	T1	N2	M0
			T2	N2	M0
			T3	N0	M0
			T3	N1	M0
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	IV	T3	N2	M0
			T4	Any N	M0
			Any T	N3	M0
			Any T	Any N	M1

(continued on reverse side)

Histologic Grade (G)

- GX Grade cannot be assessed
- G1 Well differentiated
- G2 Moderately differentiated
- G3-4 Poorly differentiated or undifferentiated

Residual Tumor (R)

- RX Presence of residual tumor cannot be assessed
- R0 No residual tumor
- R1 Microscopic residual tumor
- R2 Macroscopic residual tumor

Additional Descriptors

For identification of special cases of TNM or pTNM classifications, the “m” suffix and “y,” “r,” and “a” prefixes are used. Although they do not affect the stage grouping, they indicate cases needing separate analysis.

- m suffix** indicates the presence of multiple primary tumors in a single site and is recorded in parentheses: pT(m)NM.
- y prefix** indicates those cases in which classification is performed during or following initial multimodality therapy. The cTNM or pTNM category is identified by a “y” prefix. The ycTNM or ypTNM categorizes the extent of tumor actually present at the time of that examination. The “y” categorization is not an estimate of tumor prior to multimodality therapy.
- r prefix** indicates a recurrent tumor when staged after a disease-free interval, and is identified by the “r” prefix: rTNM.
- a prefix** designates the stage determined at autopsy: aTNM.

Prognostic Indicators (if applicable)

Notes

Additional Descriptors

Lymphatic Vessel Invasion (L)

LX Lymphatic vessel invasion cannot be assessed

L0 No lymphatic vessel invasion

L1 Lymphatic vessel invasion

Venous Invasion (V)

VX Venous invasion cannot be assessed

V0 No venous invasion

V1 Microscopic venous invasion

V2 Macroscopic venous invasion

Physician's Signature _____ Date _____